Music Progression of Skills KS1 - Year 1

KS1 Area of Study	Listening and Appraising
 Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes. Play tuned and untuned instruments musically. Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music. 	 Start to listen for different types of sounds and begin to recognise different instruments used. Begin to 'find the pulse' Move - march, clap, tap knees etc. to find the pulse. Copy and clap back rhythms. Express how the music makes them feel, begin to use language of music to describe the music. Begin to listen respectfully to a diverse range of music and peers responses to music.
Singing	Playing Instruments
 Learn simple songs to sing from memory. 	Treat instruments carefully and with respect
 Sing and rap as part of a group in unison, at the same pitch with 	Understand how to play instruments correctly.
increasing confidence.	Play a tuned instrumental part with the song they perform.
 Sing call and response songs to match the pitch sung. 	• Learn to play an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge,
 Use voices to sing notes of different pitches (high and low). 	using one of the differentiated parts (a one-note part, a simple part,
 Make different types of sounds with their voices – how to rap or say 	medium part).
words in rhythm.	Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
 Stop and start as appropriate and begin to follow a leader/conductor. 	
Improvisation and Composition	Perform and Reflect
<u>Improvisation</u>	Begin to work together as part of an ensemble/band.
 Explore and create simple musical sounds with voices and instruments 	Practise, rehearse and perform with awareness of audience.
within the context of the song being learnt.	Evaluate performances saying how they felt.
 Understand that improvisation is when we make up our own tune or 	
rhythm on the spot (which is not written down or notated).	
 Improvise very simple patterns, using one or two notes using instruments and/or voice. 	
<u>Composition</u>	

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Create own simple melodies.	
 Create compositions using one, two or three notes. 	

Music Progression of Skills KS1 – Year 2

Year 2 National Curriculum Objectives: Children will be taught to...

KS1 Area of Study

- Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes
- Play tuned and untuned instruments musically
- Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music
- Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music

Listening and Appraising

- Recognise/identify very simple style indicators and different instruments used.
- Understand what it means to find the pulse and move (march, clap, tap knees etc) to find and internalise the pulse.
- Use basic musical language to describe the music and express the feelings it evokes.
- Understand how songs can tell a story or describe an idea.
- Discuss simple dynamics of music pulse, rhythm, pitch (possibly tempo dynamics) in the song.
- Begin to know how songs are structured and that some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part
- Listen respectfully to a diverse range of music and peers responses to music.

Singing

- Sing and rap as part of a group in unison with confidence.
- Understand the importance of warming up.
- Find a comfortable singing position and posture in singing.
- Make different types of sounds with their voices rap (spoken word with rhythm).
- Stop and start as appropriate and begin to follow a leader/conductor.

- Continue to treat instruments carefully and with respect.
- Play a classroom instrument as part of a group/ensemble and as part of the song being learnt.
- Play the part in time with the steady pulse.
- Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader/conductor.
- Learn names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down.
- Know the names of untuned percussion instruments played in class.

Improvisation and Composition

Improvisation

• Improvise very simple patterns, using one or two notes using instruments and/or voice.

Composition

- Help create three simple melodies with the Units using one, three or five different notes.
- Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if necessary.

Perform and Reflect

- Work together as part of an ensemble/band remembering the importance of starting and ending together.
- Practise, rehearse and perform with awareness of audience.
- Perform a chosen song from Charanga.
- Add their ideas to the performance.
- Evaluate performances saying what went well and what could be improved.

Music Progression of Skills KS2 - Year 3

Year 3 National Curriculum Objectives: Children will be taught to...

KS2 Area of Study

- Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated
- dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- Use and understand staff and other musical notations
- Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- Develop an understanding of the history of music.

Listening and Appraising

- Identify styles of music.
- Identify instruments in the song.
- Confidently identify and move to the pulse.
- To take it in turns to express how the song makes them feel.
- Think about what the words of a song mean and say what the song is about.
- Identify musical dimensions featured in the song, and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)
- Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc.)
- Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.

Singing

- To sing in unison and in simple two-parts.
- To understand the importance of warming up.
- To demonstrate a good singing posture.
- To follow a leader or conductor when singing.
- To enjoy exploring singing solo.
- To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
- To have an awareness of the pulse internally when singing.

- Treat instruments carefully and with respect.
- Play any one, or all of four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song) from memory or using notation.
- Rehearse and perform their part within the context of the song.
- listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader

Improvisation and Composition

Improvisation

• Improvise very simple patterns, using one, two or three notes using instruments and/or voice.

Composition

- Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notes.
- Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song.
- Talk about how it was created.
- Listen and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo.
- Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation)

Perform and Reflect

- Choose what to perform and create a programme.
- Communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.
- Understand position when the best place to be performing and how to stand or sit.
- Record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they
- were pleased with what they would change and why

Music Progression of Skills KS2 – Year 4

Year 4 National Curriculum Objectives: Children will be taught to...

KS2 Area of Study

- Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated
- dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- Use and understand staff and other musical notations
- Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- Develop an understanding of the history of music.

Singing

- Sing in unison and in simple two-parts.
- Know why you must warm up your voice.
- Demonstrate a good singing posture.
- Follow a leader when singing.
- Explore singing solo.
- Understand texture: how a solo singer makes a thinner texture than a large group
- Sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.
- Rejoin the song if lost.
- Listen to the group when singing

Listening and Appraising

- Identify styles of music.
- Identify instruments in the song.
- Confidently identify and move to the pulse.
- Talk about the music and how it makes them feel.
- Think about what the words of a song mean and say what the song is about.
- Identify musical dimensions featured in the song, and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)
- To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the songs eg if the song gets louder in the chorus (dynamics)
- Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc.)
- Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.

- Play a classroom instrument as part of a group/ensemble and as part of the song being learnt.
- Respecting and looking after their instrument in school and at home.
- The importance of practising an instrument in order to make improvements.

Improvisation and Composition

Improvising

- Improvise very simple patterns, using one, two or three notes using instruments and/or voice.
- Use some of the riffs previously heard in their improvisations.

Composition

- Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notes.
- Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song.
- Talk about how it was created.
- Listen and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo.
- Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation)

Perform and Reflect

- Perform to an audience parents, peers, teachers
- Play their part of an ensemble, knowing when to start/finish.
- Present a musical performance designed to capture the audience.
- Communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.
- Understand position when the best place to be performing and how to stand or sit.
- Evaluate the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with what they would change and why

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Music Progression of Skills KS2 – Year 5

Year 5 National Curriculum Objectives: Children will be taught to...

KS2 Area of Study

- Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated
- dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- Use and understand staff and other musical notations
- Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- Develop an understanding of the history of music.

Listening and Appraising

- Identify the style of music and name other songs they have heard previously in this style.
- Identify some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style)
- Name instruments they can hear in the song.
- Compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences.
- To identify and move to the pulse with ease
- Think about the message of songs and the lyrics.
- Understand the historical context of the songs and what was going on at the time.
- Discuss musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch)
- To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the unit songs.
- Use musical words to talk about the songs.
- Identify the main sections of the song, musical dimensions and when they are used in the song.
- Talk about the music and how it makes them feel.

Singing

- Sing in unison and to sing backing vocals.
- Know and explain the importance of warming up your voice.
- Enjoy exploring singing solo.
- Listen to the group when singing.
- Demonstrate a good singing posture.
- Follow a leader when singing.
- Experience rapping and solo singing.
- Listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.

- To read the notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave
- Recognise different ways of writing music down e.g. staff notation, symbols.
- Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song.
- Play a instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one
 of the differentiated parts a one-note, simple or medium part or the
 melody of the song from memory or using notation.

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Music Progression of Skills

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Sing with awareness of being 'in tune'	 Rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader/conductor. Lead a rehearsal session.
Improvisation and Composition	Perform and Reflect
Improvising	Perform to an audience – parents, peers, teachers
Improvise very simple patterns, using one, two or three notes using	 Play their part of an ensemble, knowing when to start/finish.
instruments and/or voice.	 Present a musical performance designed to capture the audience.
Use some of the riffs previously heard in their improvisations.	 Communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.
Know three well-known improvising musicians	 Understand position when the best place to be performing and how to
Composition	stand or sit.
 Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song. Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody. 	 Evaluate the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with what they would change and why
 Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the 	
connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).	

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Music Progression of Skills KS2 – Year 6

Year 6 National Curriculum Objectives: Children will be taught to...

KS2 Area of Study

- Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated
- dimensions of music
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- Use and understand staff and other musical notations
- Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- Develop an understanding of the history of music.

Listening and Appraising

- Identify the style of music and name other songs they have heard previously in this style.
- Identify some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style)
- Name instruments they can hear in the song.
- Compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences.
- To identify and move to the pulse with ease
- Think about the message of songs and the lyrics.
- Understand the historical context of the songs and what was going on at the time.
- Discuss musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre)
- To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the unit songs.
- Use musical words to talk about the songs.
- Identify the main sections of the song, musical dimensions and when they are used in the song.
- Talk about the music and how it makes them feel, using musical language to describe the music
- Understand and talk about that fact that we each have a musical identity

Singing

- Sing in unison and to sing backing vocals.
- Explain the importance of warming up your voice.
- Demonstrate a good singing posture.
- Follow a leader when singing.
- Lead and conduct a group.
- Experience rapping and solo singing.

- To read the notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave
- Recognise different ways of writing music down e.g. staff notation, symbols.
- Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song.

Music Progression of Skills

Listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group.

• Sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. Lead and conduct a group.

Play a instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one
of the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the
melody of the song from memory or using notation.

Improvisation and Composition

Improvising

- Improvise very simple patterns, using one, two or three notes using instruments and/or voice.
- Use some of the riffs previously heard in their improvisations.
- Know three well-known improvising musicians

Composition

- Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song.
- Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody.
- Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song.
- Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).

Perform and Reflect

- Perform to an audience parents, peers, teachers
- Play their part of an ensemble, knowing when to start/finish.
- Present a musical performance designed to capture the audience.
- Communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.
- Understand position when the best place to be performing and how to stand or sit.
- Evaluate the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with what they would change and why

The Interrelated Dimensions of Music (Dimensions)

Dynamics – how loud or quiet the music is

Melody – the tune

Pulse – heartbeat of the music

Pitch – high or low sounds

Rhythm – the regular repeated pattern of beats

Structure – the composition of the music

Tempo – the speed of the music

Texture – the layers of sound

Timbre (tam ba) – the quality/ definition of the sounds

Genre – type of music